

EUROPEAN DIRECTORY OF THE INITIAL OCEAN-OBSERVING SYSTEM (EDIOS) METADATA INPUT FORM - PART A

PLEASE NOTE MANDATORY FIELDS ARE INDICATED BY AN * AND ARE IN BOLD TYPE

(1) PLATFORM INFORMATION:

If the observations are collected at one platform then enter the details below. If there are several platforms of the same type, with the same owner, operator and instrumentation then either make a copy the table for each or provide a list of the platform names. Where a repeated cruise is undertaken by different ships, these can count as one platform. However, if possible, please list the names, owners, etc., of all ships.

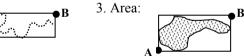
Name or Identifier of Platform *	The Coastal Oceanographic Station PIRAN
Type of Platform (choose from the list in Annex 1 where	Buoy/mooring
possible) *	
Platform Owner *	National Institute of Biology (NIB), SLOVENIA
Platform Operator *	Marine Biology Station of the NIB Piran (SLOVENIA)
Country responsible *	SLOVENIA

(2) POSITION INFORMATION:

If the observations made from the platform were collected at a single latitude and longitude (example 1 below), use the latitude-1 and longitude-1 columns. If the observations were collected over a range of latitudes (examples 2 and 3), use both latitude and longitude columns and note in the Type column whether this range represents a track or an area. The position information could be for example a series of CTD stations collected along a section, moored buoy positions, continuous plankton recorder tows, or the area covered by a fisheries survey cruise. If this information is already held in digital form, please supply it in its current form (e.g. as ASCII files output from spreadsheets or databases). The Originator's Identifier can be used to indicate a station name, a standard ship route (e.g. SOOP track identifier), or in the case of a mooring, for example, could be the same as the platform identifier. Please also include information about the reference frames and levels. Add extra lines to the table as necessary.

Examples: 1. Point: A •

2. Tracks (or lines):



When several instruments are in use on a platform, there needs to be a link between the platform, instrument and variables or parameters measured. The 'Instrument/variable pointer' acts as this link. When completing the Metadata Input Form choose a letter or group of letters as the link, and insert it at the appropriate place in the position, instrument and variable/parameter tables.

Instrument/ variable pointer	Originator's identifier	Latitude-1*	Longitude- 1*	Latitude-2	Longitude- 2	Type (e.g. point, track or line, area)*	Min. depth (m)	Max. depth (m)	Minimum sea floor depth (m)	Maximum sea floor depth (m)	Start Date*
Acoustic current meter	Oceanographic Buoy Piran	45° 32.90 N	013 33.00 E			Point			21	23	January 2001

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Moored CTD	Oceanographic Buoy Piran	45° 32.90 N	013 33.00 E		Point	2	2	21	23	October 2003
Meteorological data logger	Oceanographic Buoy Piran	45° 32.90 N	013 33.00 E		Point					January 2001
Meteorological measurement with instrument aid	Oceanographic Buoy Piran	45° 32.90 N	013 33.00 E		Point					January 2001

Geographic frame of reference (e.g. WGS84):	WGS84
Reference level for depths (e.g. relative to chart datum, mean sea	Instantaneous water surface
level, instantaneous water surface, sea floor, etc.):	

(3) INSTRUMENT INFORMATION:

Please supply information relating to the instruments used to make the measurements, or attach the information if it is available in digital or printed form. If many instruments are in use, then copy the table as necessary.

Instrument/ parameter pointer	
Instrument Type (choose from list in	Meteorological station with 3D wind gauge, bottom mounted doppler current profiler, and CTD
Annex 2 where possible)*	fixed on buoy.
Instrument Name	CTD Ocean seven probe, ADCP (NDP – Nortek Doppler Profiler), 3D Windmaster ultrasonic
	anemometer, air-humidity & temperature probes, compass/tilt sensor
Manufacturer and model	CTD Ocean seven 316 probe manufactured by Idronaut (Italy), ADCP Current gauge manufactured by Nortek (Norway), acoustic wind gauge manufactured by Gill's Instrument (UK), EZ-Compass-3 by Advanced Orientation Systems Inc. (USA), humidity/temperature probes HMP45A&HMP45D of Vaisala (Finland). The integration of al instruments on the buoy was designed and performed by Ditel d.o.o. company (Koper, Slovenia), software designed by Damjan Sonc (University of Ljubljana, Slovenia). Oceanographic buoy was projected and made by Sirio d.o.o, Koper (Slovenia).
Manufacture date	October 2002
Description	The oceanographic buoy is fitted with an acoustic wind gauge, installed on the oceanographic buoy at approximately five meters above sea level, is used to measure three orthogonal wind components. An electronic compass has been added to measure the minor position shifts of the buoy which is otherwise triply anchored. East, north and vertical component of wind are calculated out from the anemometer data and compass/tilt sensor data.

	New data logger is installed, together with the data transmission electronics and additional sensors (CTD probe) for measuring temperature and salinity at the sea-surface, temperature and humidity of the air above the sea-surface.
Technical characteristics	500 kHz transmitter of NDP with cell thickness 1 m, radio-modem data transission (19.2 kbit/s) of instantaneous wind, temperature, humidity and conductivity/salinity data, and 10 minute averages of ADCP data toward the receiving land station every half an hour
Further relevant information	New data logger installed since October 2002, together with the data transmission electronics and additional sensors (CTD probe) for measuring temperature and salinity at the sea-surface (2 m depth), and temperature and humidity of the air 3.5 m above the sea-surface, wind 5 m above the sea-surface.
Other attached equipment	An acoustic current gauge is situated on the sea bed beneath the buoy to monitor currents (at one meter depth intervals and sea-floor temperature.(0.3 m height above the sea-floor)

(4) VARIABLE/PARAMETER INFORMATION:

List the variables or parameters measured (e.g. temperature, salinity, chlorophyll a, phytoplankton, dissolved oxygen, pH, particulate carbon, silicate, etc), including where possible, an estimate of their accuracy. Any standard real-time or delayed-mode validation schemes should also be noted.

Add extra lines to the table as necessary.

Instrument/ parameter pointer	Variable/Parameter* (select from Annex 3 where possible)	Accuracy	Real-time data validation?	Delayed-mode validation?	Sampling frequency (e.g. 10 minute, hourly, daily, annually, 3 hours before high water, etc.)
	Wind Velocity	1.5% of speed up to 35 m/s, 3% of speed up to 60 m/s%		YES	0.25 s for 10 minutes, every half an hour
	Wind Direction	2 degrees for speed below 25 m/s, 4 degees for speed above 25 m/s		YES	0.25 s for 10 minutes, every half an hour
	Azimuth	0.5 degrees		NO	0.25 s for 10 minutes, every half an hour
	Current (1 m cells)	1 cm/s		YES	0.6 s for 10 minutes (900 samples), every half an hour
	Sea-floor temperature (ADCP)	0.2 degrees		NO	0.6 s for 10 minutes (900 samples), every half an hour

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Air-temperature	0.2 degrees	YES	10 s for 10 minutes, every half an hour
Air-humidity (relative)	33 % of RH	YES	10 s for 10 minutes, every half an hour
Sea-surface temperature (depth 2 m)	0.01 degrees	YES	10 s for 10 minutes, every half an hour
Sea-surface conductivity (depth 2 m)	0.003 mS/cm	YES	10 s for 10 minutes, every half an hour
Sea-surface salinity Salinity (depth 2 m)	0.03 PSU	YES	10 s for 10 minutes, every half an hour

(5) QUALITY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM Complete for each platform, group of platforms, instrument or group of instruments as appropriate

Is there a Quality Management System (QMS) followed by the organisation responsible for the observations?*	Yes		
If yes, is the institution accredited or certified? *	No		
If yes, indicate accreditation scheme (e.g. ISO9000, QUASIMEME)		·	
If no, please note which of the following quality assurance procedures are applied (or	attach appropriate documentation	on)	
How frequently are sensors calibrated?	Conductivity and temperature of	once per half a year	
Are sensors calibrated prior to and after the measurement period?	Yes, only prior		
<i>Is calibration performed by the manufacturer or by the data generating institution?</i>	Data gernerated institution		
To what accuracy are the sensors calibrated?	0.03 degrees, 0.04 PSU		
Are there sensor intercalibrations (regular or not)?	NO		
Are there back-up sensors?	YES		
For automatic recording stations: Frequency of comparative in situ measurements (for each variable).	NONE		
Is there an instant data validation based on neighbouring stations?	YES, once per month		
Are data gaps filled by derived values (e.g. after multi-linear regression)?	NO, in source data no interpole	atioon	
Are standard procedures applied for the processing of the (raw) data (e.g. removal of spikes, comparison with existing climatologies etc.)?	YES, according to WMO/IOC p	procedure	
Are there additional quality control checks, such as consistency checks, range of validity, date, geographical position (typical NODC control procedures)?	YES, according to WMO/IOC p	procedures	
In chemistry: Are there intercalibration exercises? Proficiency testing? Internal quality assurance procedures, e.g. control charts, blank analyses? Name E(uropean)	NO		

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N(orm,) NODC)?	
Are the high quality data and the corresponding metadata safe-guarded in a central	YES
data bank (NODC, WDC)	
Include details of any other relevant procedures in use	NO

(6) OBSERVING PROGRAMME INFORMATION

Observing programme name (e.g. UK tide gauge network, UK MAWS (met. Buoy) network, CTD section, Swedish coastal monitoring stations)*NO program yet,, the station was designed under the Prahe CBC EU funded project

Description of programme

National/International project name(s) (e.g. Argo, GODAE, MedGOOS) MedGOOS, MAMA

PROGRAMME STATUS: *Please note future commitment to the observing programme, adding dates where appropriate* *

An active measurement programme with no planned end	Yes	No	
An active measurement programme with a planned end (include end date if known)	If the maintenance will not be funded, the buoy will be removed from the sea.		
<i>An active measurement programme with a planned end and planned repeat of program (include dates if known)</i>			
An non-active measurement programme with planned repeat of the program (include dates if known)			
Status unknown	YES		

ACCESS TO THE DATA: Include information relating to the conditions and protocols for access to the measurements or attach the relevant information (e.g. unrestricted access, access for registered users, access for subscribed users, access restricted, confidential, available for scientific research only, available under EuroGOOS data policy).

access for subscribed users and specific scientific colaboration

• Access to data held at the centre responsible for the observations

Access to data products:

- for last 24 hours for subscribed users
- for last 10 min data unrestricted access

• Access to real-time observations data exchange in near real time every half an hour between OGS Trieste and MBS-NIB

• Access to the archived data set from the observing programme *available for scientific research*

Web-site for access to real-time data Access to real time data products: http://buoy.mbss.org

Web site for access to archived dat NONEa

EUROPEAN DIRECTORY OF THE INITIAL OCEAN-OBSERVING SYSTEM (EDIOS)

METADATA INPUT FORM - PART B

PLEASE NOTE MANDATORY FIELDS ARE INDICATED BY AN * AND ARE IN BOLD TYPE

Complete the sections below to provide contact information. Section 1 (Responsible organisation) should always be completed for each platform or group of platforms.

(1) RESPONSIBLE ORGANISATION CONTACT INFORMATION

NAME OF ORGANISATION*	National Institute of Biology, Marine Biology Station
CONTACT TITLE (e.g. position/title of post for contact person)*	Dr. Vlado Malacic
TELEPHONE	+386 5 6746 368; +386 5 6747 121
FAX	+386 5 6734 579; +386 5 6746 367
<i>E-MAIL</i>	malacic@mbss.org
WEB-SITE	http://www.mbss.org
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BUILDING (building name or	Marine Biology Station
number)*	
STREET*	Fornace 41
TOWN/CITY*	Piran
REGION (e.g. county/state/region)*	Slovenia
ZIP/POSTCODE *	6330
COUNTRY*	Slovenia

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE ORGANISATION National research organisation that carries research of the environment (coastal sea and littoral) and environmenta monitoring.

(2) REAL-TIME DATA CONTACT INFORMATION

NAME OF ORGANISATION	National Institute of Biology, Marine Biology Station
CONTACT TITLE (e.g. position/title of post for contact person)	Dr. Vlado Malacic
TELEPHONE	+386 5 6746 368; +386 5 6747 121
FAX	+386 5 6734 579; +386 5 6746 367
E-MAIL	malacic@mbss.org
WEB-SITE	http://www.mbss.org
BUILDING (building name or number)	Marine Biology Station
STREET	Fornace 41
TOWN/CITY	Piran

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REGION (e.g. county/state/region)	Slovenia
<i>ZIP/POSTCODE</i>	6330
COUNTRY	Slovenia

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE ORGANISATION

National research organisation that carries research of the environment (coastal sea and littoral) and environmenta monitoring.

(3) DATA ARCHIVE CENTRE CONTACT INFORMATION

NAME OF ORGANISATION	National Institute of Biology, Marine Biology
	Station
CONTACT TITLE (e.g. position/title of	Dr. Alenka Malej
post for contact person)	
TELEPHONE	386 5 6746 368
FAX	386 5 6746 367
E-MAIL	malacic@mbss.org
WEB-SITE	http://buoy.mbss.org, http://www.mbss.org
BUILDING (building name or number)	Marine Biology Station
STREET	Fornace 41
TOWN/CITY	Piran
REGION (e.g. county/state/region)	Primorska
<i>ZIP/POSTCODE</i>	6330
COUNTRY	Slovenia

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE ORGANISATION

National research organisation that carries research of the environment (coastal sea and littoral) and environmenta monitoring.

COMPLETED BY: Dr. Vlado Malacic

DATE: 13 February 2003

Annex 1: Platform types

Ship/surface vessel (no further specification available)
Research ship
Ship of opportunity
Ship of opportunity on fixed route (regularly occupied route where the route itself is identified rather than
the particular ship occupying it at the time)
Ship at fixed position (e.g. Light Vessel or Weathership)
Small shore based craft
Submersible (no further specification available)
Mobile manned submersible
Mobile unmanned submersible (e.g. ROV, AUV)
Towed unmanned submersible (e.g. Batfish)
Buoy/mooring (no further specification available)
Moored surface data buoy
Drifting surface data buoy
Fixed oceanographic monitoring station
Subsurface mooring (surface and/or subsurface buoyancy)
Subsurface vertical profiler (e.g. PALACE float)
Subsurface drifting (e.g. Swallow Float)
Land/sea floor (,no further specification available)
Sea floor - fixed (the sea floor itself is the platform)
Sea floor - mobile
Offshore structure (e.g. Oil Rig)
Coastal structure (e.g. Lighthouse, pier, breakwater, rock)
Beach/intertidal zone
Land/onshore - fixed
Land/onshore - mobile
Balloon (no further specification available)
Free rising balloon, vertical profiling
Free floating balloon, horizontal profiling
Tethered balloon
Aircraft/satellite/rocket (no further specification available)
Research aircraft,
Non research aircraft
Non orbiting rocket
Orbiting satellite
Geostationary orbiting satellite
Manned spacecraft
Ice island
Unspecified (platform type unknown)

Annex 2: Instrument types

Accelerometer-shipborne wave recorder
Accelerometer-waverider buoy
Acoustic current meter
Acoustic tide gauge (sensor above surface) Air bottle sample
Benthic Incubation Chamber
Bottle station
Bottom Lander (miscellaneous instruments)
Bottom pressure sensor tide gauge
Bottom pressure sensor fide gauge
Bubble measurements (acoustic)
Camera
Continuous Plankton Recorder
Corer
Current meter (unspecified)
Drifting Buoy
Drifting metocean buoy
Electromagnetic current meter
Epibenthic Sledge
Filtered air sample
Fixed anemometer
Fluorescence measurements
Fog sampler
Grab
Hand held anemometer
Ice corer and ice/snow samples
Impeller current meter
In-situ nutrient analyser
Inverted echo sounder wave recorder
Light meter
Meteorological data logger
Meteorological measurements with instrument aid
Moored CTD
Moored acoustic doppler current meter
Multi-Parameter Environmental Monitoring Probe
Multi-corer
Multiple instrument types
Nephelometer
Paddle wheel current meter
Particle Size Profiler
Phytoplankton incubation (deck)
Phytoplankton incubation (in-situ)
Pneumatic tide gauge
Pumped air sample
Pumped water sample
Radiosonde
Rain collector
STD/CTD cast
Satellite altimetry tide measurements
Savonius rotor current meter
Sediment trap
Sediment water sample
Settling tubes
Shipborne acoustic doppler current profiler

Side scan sonar
Sound Velocity Probe
Stilling well tide gauge
Surface water sample (pumped)
Surface water sample (unspecified)
Thermistor chain
Tide gauge (unspecified)
Tide gauge with current meter
Towed STD/CTD (e.g. Sea Soar)
Transmissometer
Turbulence energy dissipation probe
Unspecified Instrumentation
Waves estimated with instrument aid
Wind estimated with instrument aid
Zooplankton net

Annex 3: Variables/Parameters

PHYSICAL
Sea surface temperature
Sea temperature
Practical Salinity
Conductivity
Total pressure (atmosphere + sea pressure)
Relative total pressure (total pressure relative to an arbitrary reference)
Sea pressure (sea surface = zero)
Sea level
Horizontal current speed
Direction to which the current is flowing (deg True)
East (true) component of current
North (true) component of current
Sea surface current speed
Direction to which sea surface current is flowing (deg True)
Secchi disk depth
Depth
Direction of movement of waves
Direction from which the swell is coming
Average height of highest one third waves
Height of waves
Maximum zero crossing wave height
Period of waves
Average zero crossing wave period
Suspended sediment concentration (suspended solids)
Light penetration
Turbidity
Attenuance/Transmittance
Downwelling photosynthetically active radiation (PAR)
Fluorescence (volts)
CHEMICAL
pH
Total alkalinity
Total Chlorophyll-a content
Dissolved oxygen
Phosphate (PO4-P) content
Total phosphorus (P) content
Nitrate (NO3-N) content
Nitrite (NO2-N) content
Nitrate + nitrite content
Total nitrogen (N) content
Ammonia (NH4-N) content
Silicate (SIO4-SI) content
Particulate organic carbon (POC)
Particulate organic nitrogen (PON)
Hydrogen Sulphide (H2S)
Total particulate nitrogen (PON) flux
pCO2
Total dissolved inorganic carbon (TCO2)
i otar ursonveu morganic caroon (1002)

Dissolved carbon dioxide
Dissolved CFC11
Dissolved CFC12
Dissolved CFC113
BIOLOGICAL
Phaeophytin-a
Phytoplankton species composition
Phytoplankton species abundance
Zooplankton species abundance
Total phytoplankton biomass
Total phaeopigments
Primary production
Planktonic larval fish
Demersal fish
Inter-tidal organisms
Infaunal benthos
Epifaunal benthos
Benthic macrofauna abundance
Benthic macrofauna wet weight biomass
Dentine macrorauna wet weight biomass
FISHERIES
Age
Length (biological specimen length)
Weight
Abundance
Fish stock density from acoustic integration
Sex
Maturity
METEOROLOGY
Total cloud amount (WMO code 2700)
Height of cloud base (WMO code 1600)
Type of cloud (WMO code 0500)
Present weather (WMO code 4677)
Past weather (WMO code 4561)
Horizontal visibility
Precipitation rate
Atmospheric pressure at sea level
Atmospheric pressure tendancy
Characteristics of pressure tendency
Absolute Humidity Polotive Humidity
Relative Humidity
Horizontal wind speed
Direction from which the wind is blowing
Gust wind speed Dry bulb temperature
Sea Ice